

#### 01/03/2020

## **Synchronous Rectification Driver**

#### REV. 00

### **General Description**

LD8526S is a secondary side synchronous rectification (SR) driver IC. It is suited for flyback low side and high side synchronous rectification in CCM, DCM and QR mode. For forward freewheeling rectification application, LD8526S can be applied in CCM and DCM operation.

LD8526S can generate its own supply voltage through high side rectification applications to charge battery.

#### Features

- Suited for low side and high side flyback synchronous rectification in CCM, DCM and QR(valley lock) mode
- Suited for forward freewheeling rectification in CCM and DCM
- Self-supplying for operation with low output voltage and/or high–side rectification without an auxiliary winding.
- Suited for PSR with peak load function (max. frequency 130kHz)
- Programmable turn-off level
- Fast turn-off total delay of 30ns
- Gate source/sink capability: 0.5A/-3A

#### Applications

- Switching AC/DC adaptor and battery charger
- Open frame switching power supply



## **Typical Application**

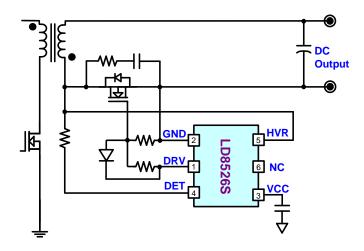


Fig. 1 Flyback Low Side Synchronous Rectification

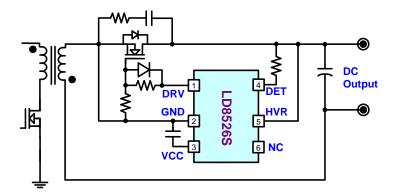


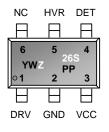
Fig. 2 Flyback High Side Synchronous Rectification



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### **Pin Configuration**

SOT-26 (TOP VIEW)



Y	: Year code (D: 2004, E: 2005)
W	: Week code
PP	: Production code
Z26S	: LD8526S

## **Ordering Information**

Part number	Package		Top Mark	Shipping
LD8526S GL	SOT-26	Green Package	YWZ/26S/PP	3000 / tape & reel

The LD8526S is ROHS compliant/ green packaged.

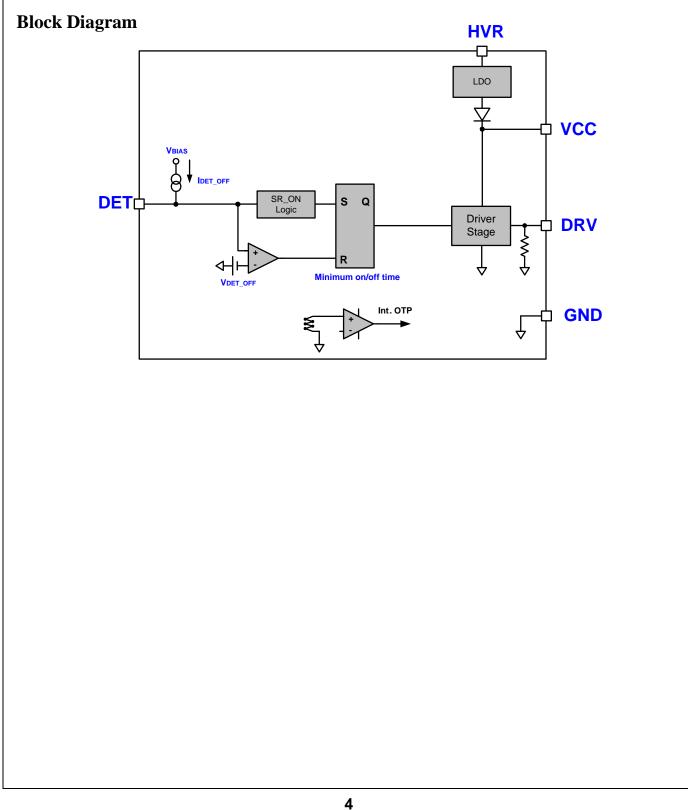
### **Protection Mode**

Part number	Int. OTP
LD8526S	Auto-Restart

## **Pin Description**

PIN (SOT-26)	NAME	FUNCTION
1	DRV	Driving pin, connector to GATE pin of MOSFET directly or through a resistor
2	GND	Ground pin
3	VCC	Supply voltage pin
4	DET	Synchronous rectification detection
5	HVR	HV linear regulator input
6	NC	No connect







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### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

DET	-1V ~ 200V
HVR	-1V ~ 200V
VCC	-0.3V ~ 7V
DRV	-0.3V~VCC+0.3V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Package Thermal Resistance (SOT-26)	200°C/W
Power Dissipation (SOT-26, at Ambient Temperature = 85°C)	200mW
Lead temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	260°C

#### Caution:

Stresses beyond the ratings specified in "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Item	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Junction Temperature	-40	125	°C
Supply Voltage VCC	3	6	V
Power MOS Gate Threshold Voltage	1.5	4	V
Operating Frequency		130	KHz
VCC capacitor	2.2		μF
MOSFET Ciss (1)	1000	5500	pF
Turn-Off Rgate (1)	0	5	Ω
RDET		600	Ω

#### Notes:

1. When MOSFET Ciss is the maximum value, turn-off R<sub>GATE</sub> must be the minimum value. On the contrary, when MOSFET Ciss is the minimum, turn-off R<sub>GATE</sub> must be the maximum.



### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise stated}, HVR=30V)$ 

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
HVR (HVR pin)						
	HVR=30V, VCC=3.5V	ICHG_HVR1	20	35	50	mA
HVR charge current	HVR=12V, VCC=3.5V	ICHG_HVR2	10	20	30	mA
Leakage current	V <sub>HVR</sub> =200V	Ihvr_lk			50	μA
Supply Voltage (VCC Pin)						
UVLO (on)		V <sub>CC_ON</sub>	2.8	3	3.2	V
UVLO (off)		Vcc_off		2.8		V
UVLO Hysteresis		Vcc_hys		0.2		V
VCC Operating Voltage	HVR=30V	V <sub>VCC_H1</sub>	4.5	5.8	6.8	V
	Vcc=5V, DET=65kHz,				0	
Operating Current	4.7nF on GATE pin	I <sub>VCC_OP1</sub>		2.2	3	mA
Operating Current	UVLO_OFF mode			050		
	VCC=2.5V	IVCC_OFF		350		μA
Detection Reference (DET	Pin)					
Turn-on voltage		V <sub>DET_ON</sub>	-400	-300	-150	mV
Turn-off voltage	(3)	V <sub>DET_OFF</sub>	10	20	30	mV
Turn-off compensation current		IDET_OFF	85	100	115	μA
Leakage current	Vdet=200V	Idet_lk			1	μA

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PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Drive (DRV Pin)						
Total Turn-on delay time	(2)	T <sub>D_ON</sub>		65		ns
Total Turn-off delay time	(2)	T <sub>D_OFF</sub>		25		ns
Output High Voltage	lo=+10mA	V <sub>DRV_H</sub>	4.4	4.7		V
Output Low Voltage	lo=-10mA	$V_{DRV\_L}$			0.5	V
Turn-off propagation delay		Τ <sub>Ρ</sub>		15		ns
Turn-on Rising time	(2), drive voltage from 20%(1V) to 80%(4V)	Tr		75	150	ns
Turn-off Falling time	(2), drive voltage from 80%(4V) to 20%(1V)	T <sub>f</sub>		13	30	ns
Minimum On Time		T <sub>MIN_ON</sub>	0.7	1	1.3	μs
Minimum Off Time		T <sub>MIN_OFF</sub>	0.7	1	1.3	μs
On Chip OTP (Over Tempe	erature) Auto-Recovery					
OTP Level	(1)	TOTP		150		°C
OTP Hysteresis (1)		TOTP_HYS		30		°C

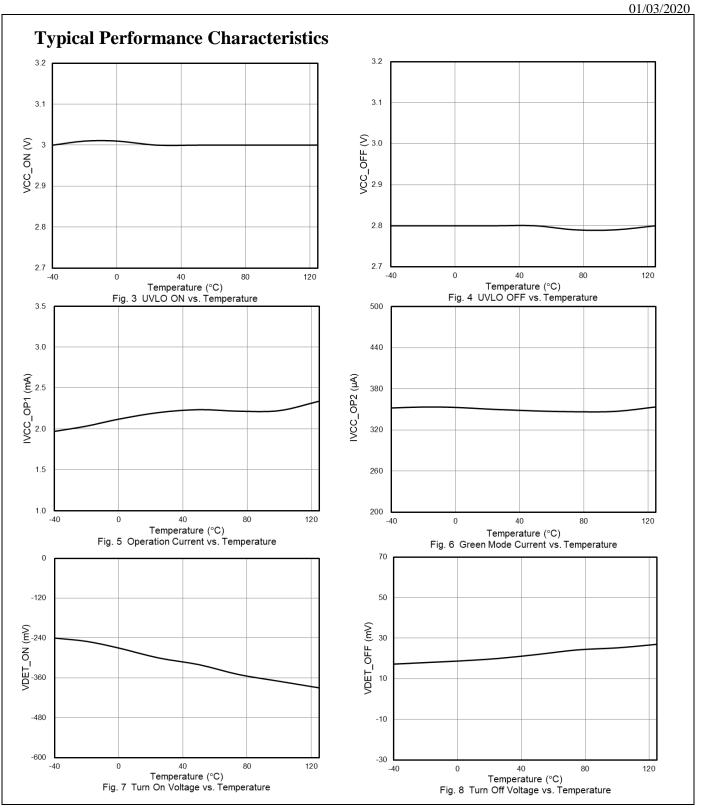
Notes:

1. Guaranteed by design.

2. Load capacitance=4.7nF.

3. For avoiding SR being too late to turn off in CCM, R<sub>DET</sub> must be adjusted from 600R down to appropriate value.

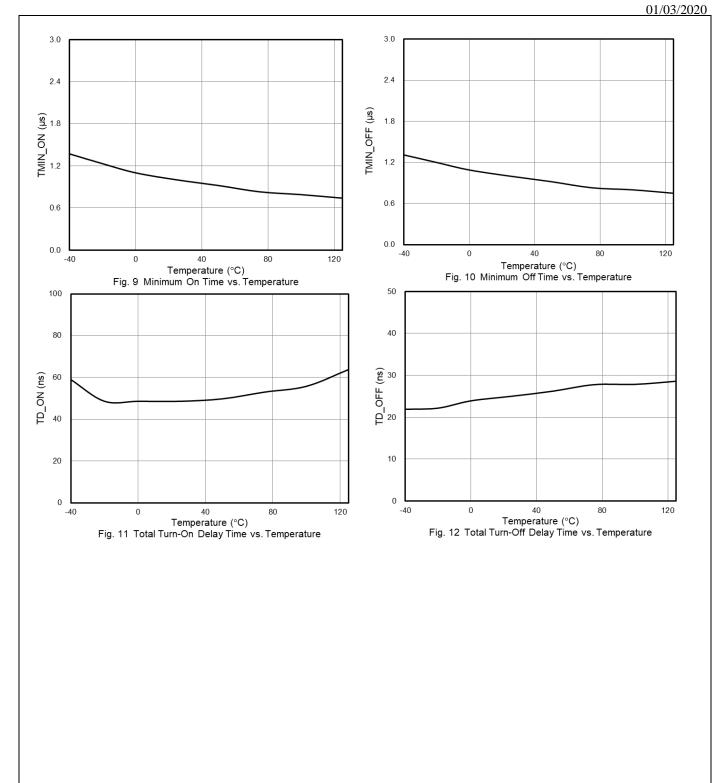




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### Application Information Operation Overview

The LD8526S is a secondary side synchronous rectification driver IC for CCM and DCM operation, and has excellent dead time control function for safety in load transient. In addition, LD8526S can generate its own supply voltage through low output voltage or high side rectification applications to charge battery. Hence, LD8526S is suitable for PD application.

#### **LDO Charge Function**

LD8526S with a LDO (low drop-out regulator) provides VCC power, and charged by HVR. The LDO charging current can be controlled by connecting a resistor between HVR & MOS drain for the chip temperature optimization. Besides, a capacitor must exist from VCC to GND to store the energy.

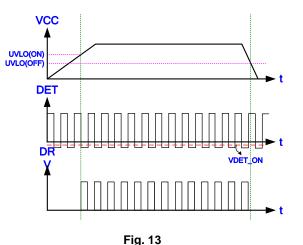
## Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) and Enable Function

An UVLO comparator is implemented in it to detect the voltage on the VCC pin. It will assure the supply voltage enough to turn on the LD8526S controllers and further to drive the synchronous rectifier. As shown in Fig. 13, the UVLO(ON) and UVLO(OFF) are 3V and 2.8V respectively.

To enable synchronous rectifier, the following conditions must be met:

- 1. VCC > UVLO(ON)
- 2. DET > VDET\_ON

With these restrictions, synchronous rectifier always operates in stable condition. Therefore, some unstable transient, which are like turn-on, turn-off, output short, surge, ESD...etc., will not make synchronous rectifier unsafe when it works.



#### **Turn-on Phase**

After a negative voltage (-300 mV typical) is sensed on the DET pin, the driver output voltage (DRV, see Block Diagram) is made high and the internal MOSFET is switched on. After switch-on of the SR MOSFET, the input signal on the DET pin is blanked for  $1\mu$ s (typical). This will eliminate false switch-off due to high frequency ringing at the start of the secondary stroke.

#### Turn-off Phase

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As soon as the DET voltage is above VDET\_OFF, the driver output is pulled to ground. For avoiding SR being too late to turn off in CCM, the following condition must be met, as shown in Fig. 14.

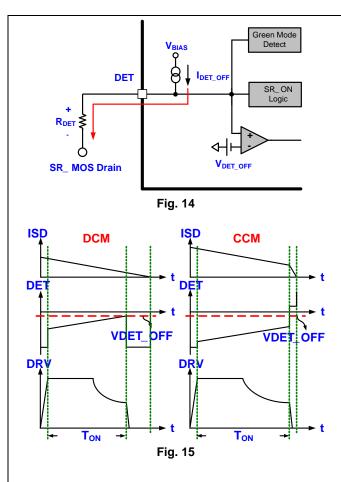
 $V_{DET_OFF} - I_{DET_OFF} \times R_{DET} + X = -10mV$ 

Where  $I_{DET_OFF} = 100\mu A$ ,  $V_{DET_OFF} = +20mV$ , X= thermal effect and parasitic inductance from trace & electronic components. Hence  $R_{DET}$  must be from  $600 \Omega$  down to find the appropriate turn-off time.

The behavior of DRV in DCM & CCM are shown separately in Fig. 15.

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#### **On-Chip OTP - Auto Recovery**

An internal OTP circuit is embedded inside the LD8526S to provide the worst-case protection for this controller. When the chip temperature rises and it's higher than the trip OTP level, the output will be disabled until the chip is cooled down below the hysteresis window.

#### **Recommended Layout Guide**

In order for the system to work properly, layout must pay attention to the following points:

1. Keep the DET and GND loops as small as possible.

2. The power loop needs to be separated from the DET detection loop.

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3. Place VCC capacitor as close to IC as possible.

4. Keep the GND of IC and the source pin of MOS as short as possible.

5. To let MOS be turned OFF in time, keep 5nH~20nH inductance of PCB trace as shown in Fig.16 & Fig. 17 in red lines. The suggested trace configurations are listed below:

- a. 3.5mm\*18mm\*2oz
- b. 4mm\*20mm\*2oz
- c. 3.5mm\*9mm\*1oz
- d. 4mm\*10mm\*1oz
- e. 6mm\*15mm\*1oz

In high side application, DET detection point needs to be close to the output capacitor, and in low side application, DET detection point needs to be close to the transformer.

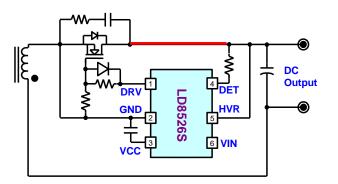
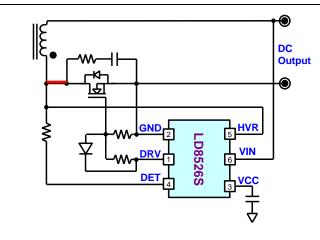


Fig. 16



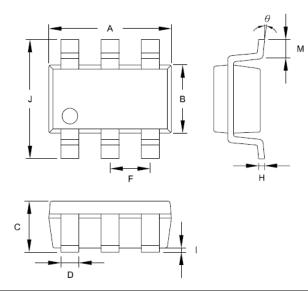






## **Package Information**

SOT-26



Cumhal	Dimension i	Dimension in Millimeters		s in Inches	
Symbol	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
А	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
С		1.450		0.057	
D	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
F	0.95	0.95 TYP 0.03		7 TYP	
н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
I	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
J	2.600	3.000	0.102	0.118	
М	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	10°	0°	10°	



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### **Revision History**

RE	/. Date	Change Notice
00	01/03/2020	Original Specification

**Important Notice** 

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